

# **Antitrust Alert**

January 21, 2016

### If you read one thing...

- The Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976 requires parties to transactions meeting certain size and other tests to file premerger notification forms with both the Federal Trade Commission and Department of Justice Antitrust Division.
- The minimum transaction size test has increased from \$76.3 million to \$78.2 million. The new size thresholds will apply to transactions consummated on or after the effective date (February 25, 2016), which is 30 days following publication of formal notice in the Federal Register.
- Parties contemplating merger or acquisition activity are strongly encouraged to consult antitrust counsel to determine whether premerger notification is required.



# FTC Revises Hart-Scott-Rodino Thresholds; Minimum Size for Reportable Transactions Increases to \$78.2 Million

On January 21, 2016, the Federal Trade Commission (FTC) announced the latest annual revision to the size thresholds governing premerger notification requirements under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, as amended, Section 7A of the Clayton Act, 15 U.S.C. § 18a (the "HSR Act"). The HSR Act requires parties to transactions meeting certain size and other tests to file premerger notification forms with both the FTC and the Department of Justice Antitrust Division and observe a mandatory waiting period prior to closing. The new thresholds will apply to transactions consummated on or after the effective date (February 25, 2016), which is 30 days following publication of formal notice in the *Federal Register*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See FTC Announces Revised Thresholds for Clayton Act Antitrust Reviews, available here.

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## Revised HSR Premerger Notification Thresholds<sup>2</sup>

#### The Size-of-Transaction Threshold

The minimum transaction size test has increased from \$76.3 million to \$78.2 million (an approximate 2.5 percent increase). Thus, under the revised thresholds, HSR Act filings will be required (unless otherwise exempted) for a transaction that results in the acquiring person holding more than \$78.2 million of the acquired person's voting securities or assets.

#### The Size-of-Person Threshold

The size-of-person thresholds have increased by a similar percentage amount. While the HSR Act size-of-person rules are complex, under the new thresholds no HSR Act filing will generally be required for transactions valued at more than \$78.2 million but less than \$312.6 million, unless one party to the transaction has \$156.3 million in annual net sales or total assets and the other party has \$15.6 million in annual net sales or total assets. Any transaction that is valued at more than \$312.6 million will be reportable under the HSR Act (unless otherwise exempted) without application of the size-of-person test. The potential exemption afforded by the size-of-person test will be inapplicable to transactions valued at more than \$312.6 million.

#### **HSR Act Filing Fee Thresholds**

The FTC has also adjusted the tiered filing fee structure as follows:

 Value of Transaction (\$ millions)
 Filing Fee

 More than \$78.2 but less than \$156.3
 \$ 45,000

 \$156.3 to less than \$781.5
 \$125,000

 \$781.5 or more
 \$280,000

Parties contemplating merger or acquisition activity are strongly encouraged to consult antitrust counsel to determine whether premerger notification is required. The rules governing the calculation of the relevant filing thresholds and the applicability of particular exemptions to all or part of a transaction are very complex. Moreover, persons who fail to file when required to do so face potential civil penalties of up to \$16,000 per day.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In addition to the size thresholds highlighted in this alert, most other HSR Act thresholds (for example, relating to various exemptions) have increased as well. Click here for more detail. On January 21, the FTC also announced the annual revisions to the interlocking directorate thresholds under Section 8 of the Clayton Act. The new thresholds are \$31,841,000 for Section 8(a)(1) and \$3,184,100 for Section 8(a)(2)(A).



## **Contact Information**

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